ITOCHU ENEX CO., LTD.

(TSE Prime, 8133)

Financial Results(FY2024) and Medium-term Business Plan ENEX2030 '25-'26

April 30, 2025



Note

We pay close attention to the content of the material, but the Company and information providers will not be liable for any damage caused by errors in the information posted or damage suffered based on the information posted in this material.

The current plans and strategies of the Company posted in this material are forecasts prepared by the Company based on information currently available, and these future forecasts include risks and uncertainties. Accordingly, the actual results may differ materially from the forecasts posted. Please note that the Company does not guarantee the certainty of these forecasts.

- •Unless otherwise noted, all the numerical values in this material are based on the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).
- •In this material, the notation has been replaced as follows.
- "Profit from operating activities" ⇒ "Operating profit"
- "Net profit attributable to Itochu Enex's shareholders" ⇒ "Net profit"





Overview of Consolidated Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2025

- Net profit increased 3.2 billion yen year on year to 17.1 billion yen, reaching a record high.

 The achievement rate of the 15.5 billion yen target in the new full-year forecast, which was announced on January 31, 2025, is 110% (127% achievement of the initial forecast).
- A significant growth of profit was achieved, as the good progress in the improvement of the profitability of Home-Life and Power & Utility and the healthy performance in Industrial Business absorbed a reactionary fall from the gain on sale of non-current assets in the previous fiscal year.

Net sales

924.5 billion yen (-4.0% year on year)

Operating profit

26.9 billion yen (+14.0% year on year)

Gross profit

94.4 billion yen (+6.6% year on year)

Net profit

17.1 billion yen (+23.2% year on year)

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1. Overview of Consolidated Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2025

1 Overview of the Entire Company

Summary of Financial Results for FY2024

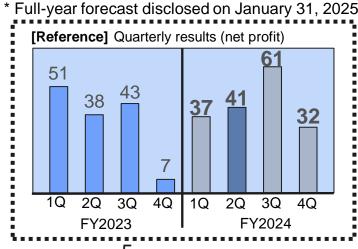


Now full-year

(100 million yen)	FY2023 Results	FY2024 Results	Changes	FY2024
Net sales	9,633	9,245	-388	
Gross profit	886	944	+58	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	-702	-706	-4	
Loss (gain) related to fixed assets	46	-9	-55	
Operating profit	236	269	+33	2
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method	19	18	-2	
Net profit	139	171	+32	1
Ratio of SG&A expenses to gross profit	79.3%	74.8%	-4.4 pt	* [
	FY2023 Results	FY2024 Scheduled	Changes	
Dividends (yen/share)	54	62	+8	

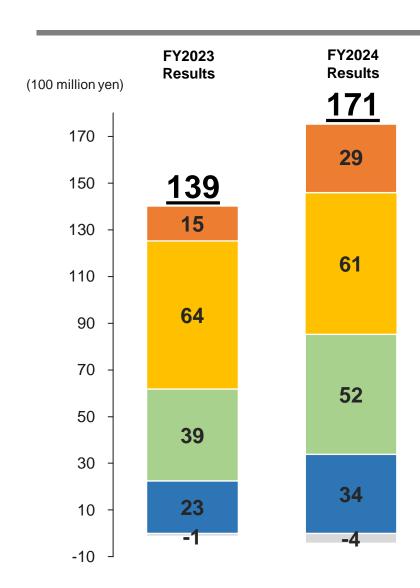
FY2024 Plan	Achievement rate		forecast for FY2024*	Achievement rate
045	4050/		250	4000/
215	125%	ı	250	108%
135	127%		155	110%

- **Net profit** increased 3.2 billion yen year on year to **17.1 billion yen**, reaching a record high. The achievement rate of the 15.5 billion yen target in the new full-year forecast that was announced on January 31, 2025, is 110% (127% achievement of the initial forecast).
- A significant growth of profit was achieved, as the good progress in the improvement of the profitability of Home-Life and Power & Utility and the healthy performance in Industrial Business absorbed a reactionary fall from the gain on sale of non-current assets in the previous fiscal year.
- The annual dividend is expected to rise 8.00 ven from that for the previous year, to an ordinary dividend of 62 ven per share.



Net Profit by Segment





Major factors for increase/decrease

Home-Life (YoY: +¥1,400 million, Percent of the plan achieved: 113%)

Profit rose, reflecting a reactionary recovery from the year-ago decline attributable to a negative impact of fluctuations in inventory unit prices on margins.

Car-Life (YoY: -¥300 million, Percent of the plan achieved: 141%)

Profit decreased in the absence of gains on the sale of the CS* site recorded in the previous year, despite used car sales contributing to profit.

Industrial Business (YoY: +¥1,200 million, Percent of the plan achieved: 129%)

Profit increased due to the strong performance of supply/demand operations and the industrial gas sales business.

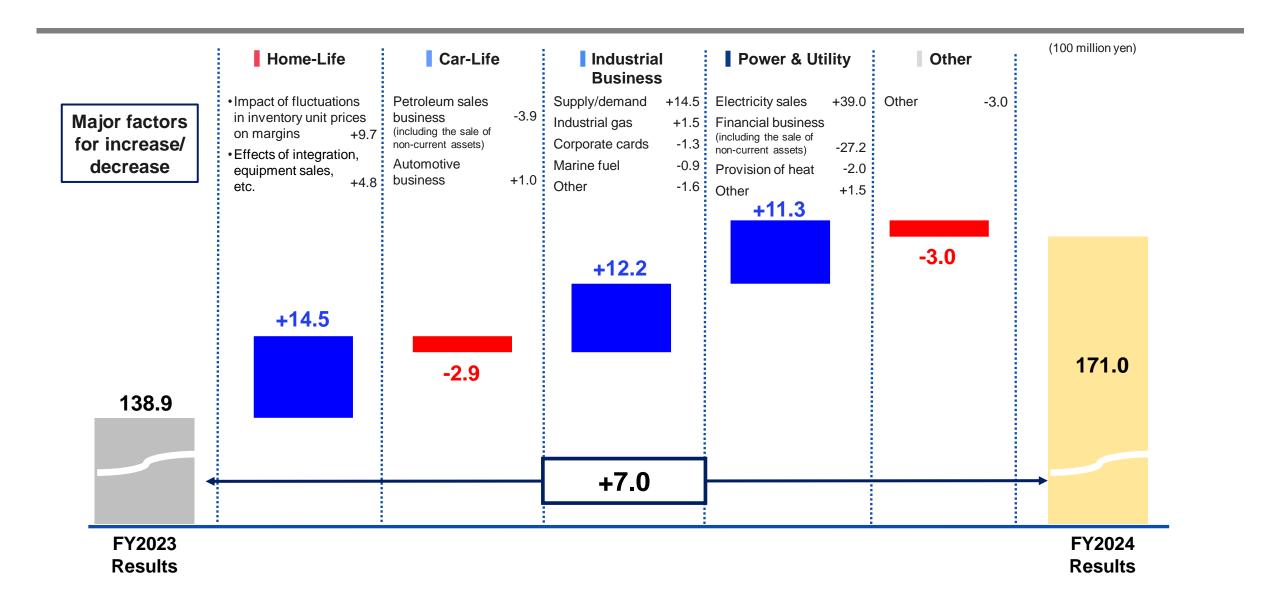
Power & Utility (YoY: +¥1,100 million, Percent of the plan achieved: 102%)

Profit increased due to the stabilization of the electric power market, which absorbed the reactionary fall due to the gains on sale of mega solar power plants recorded in the previous year.

(*) CS: Stands for car life station, which is a multi-service station offered by the Company.

Analysis of Net Profit by Segment





Financial Position



Total assets remained almost equivalent to the level at the end of the previous fiscal year.

☐ Total assets:		pillion yen from the ear to 442.3 billio		(100 million 4,900 ┤	ı yen)				0.30 (Times)
☐ Shareholders' equity:	year to 172.0 billion yen, mainly reflecting a rise in			4,400 -	4,443		4,423		
	net profit.	04 pt from the one	d of the provious	3,900 -					- 0.20
□ PBR:	year to 1.05 .	.04 pt from the end	a or the previous	3,400 -					
_				2,900 -					- 0.10
(100 million yen)	End of March 2024 Results	End of March 2025 Results	Changes	2,400 -					0.10
Total assets	4,443	4,423	-20	1,900 -		1,625		1,720	- 0.00
Net interest-bearing debt	-279	-114	+165	1,400 - 900 -			-0.0	7	
Shareholders' equity	1,625	1,720	+95	400 -					0.10
Equity ratio	36.6%	38.9%	+2.3 pt	-100 -	-0.	17	-1	14	
Net DER	-0.17	-0.07	+0.10 pt	-600		- 279 March 2024		Narch 2025	-0.20
PBR	1.09	1.05	-0.04 pt		Total Share	assets holders' equity		erest-bearing deb R (Right-hand sc	

Cash Flows

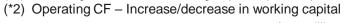


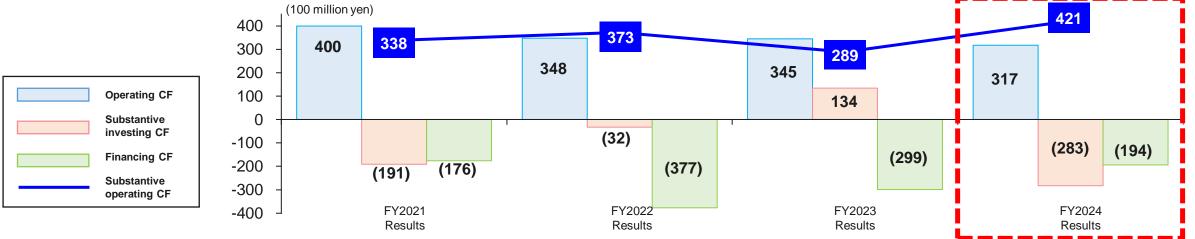
Investments increased with an investment in WECARS, while underlying operating cash flows were steady

Cash Flows (100 million yen)	FY2021 Results	FY2022 Results	FY2023 Results	FY2024 Results
Cash flows from operating activities	400	348	345	317
Cash flows from investing activities	-191	-32	-66	-283
Deposits paid to parent company	-	-	-200	-
Substantive investing cash flows *1	-191	-32	134	-283
Cash flows from financing activities	-176	-377	-299	-194



(*1) Investing cash flows excluding deposits paid to parent company

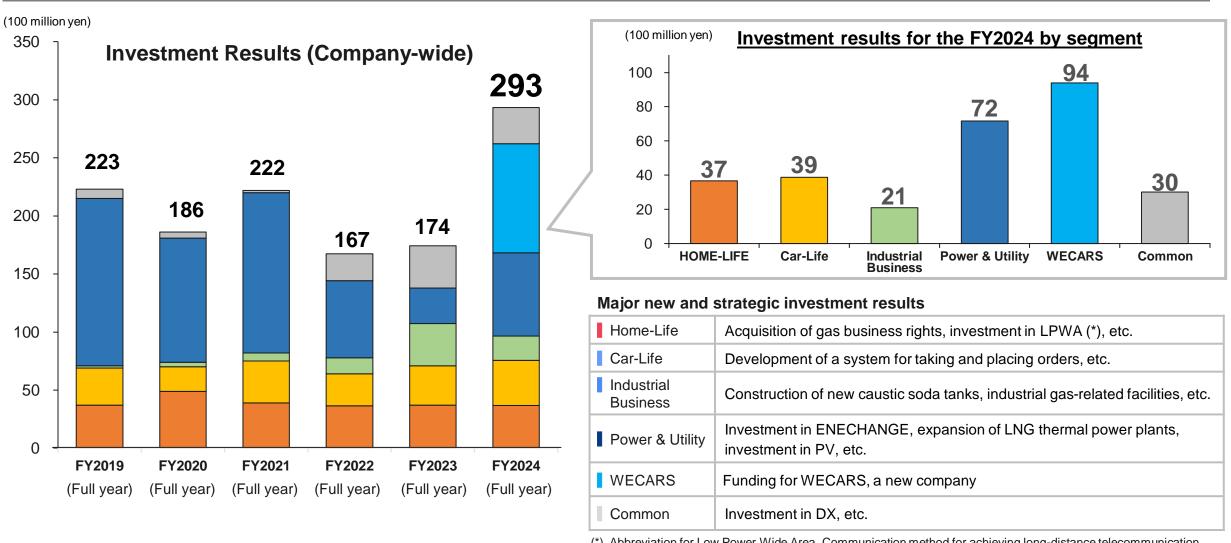




Investment Trends New and strategic investments inclu



New and strategic investments including one in WECARS, a new company, were made.



^(*) Abbreviation for Low Power Wide Area. Communication method for achieving long-distance telecommunication with reduced power consumption.



1. Overview of Consolidated Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2024

② Overview by Segment

Results by Segment



(100 million yen)		FY2023 Results	FY2024 Results	Changes	Rate of change %	FY2024 Plan	Achievement Rate	FY2024 New forecasts*	Achievement Rate
Company wide	Net sales Operating profit	9,633 236	9,245 269	-388 +33	-4.0% +14.0%	 215	— 125%	 250	 108%
WIGE	Net profit	139	171	+32	+23.2%	135	127%	155	110%
	Net sales	767	823	+56	+7.4%	_	_	_	
Home-Life	Operating profit	15	25	+10	+70.5%	_	_	_	_
	Net profit	15	29	+14	+97.4%	26	113%		
	Net sales	6,215	6,300	+84	+1.4%	_	_	_	
Car-Life	Operating profit	125	115	-10	-8.3%	_	_	_	_
	Net profit	64	61	-3	-4.5%	43	141%		
Industrial	Net sales	1,447	1,346	-101	-7.0%	_	_	_	_
Business	Operating profit	50	69	+18	+36.6%	_	_	_	_
Basiness	Net profit	39	52	+12	+31.1%	40	129%		_
Power & Utility	Net sales	1,204	776	-428	-35.6%	_			
	Operating profit	46	58	+12	+25.5%	_			_
& Othicy	Net profit	23	34	+11	+50.0%	33	102%	_	_

^{*} Full-year forecasts disclosed on January 31,2025

Home-Life

itochu enex co.,ltd.

(100 million yen)
Achievement

Profit rose, reflecting a reactionary recovery from the year-ago decline attributable to a negative impact of fluctuations in inventory unit prices on margins.

	FY2023 Results	FY2024 Results	Changes
Gross profit	180	188	+7
Selling, general and administrative expenses	-162	-163	-1
Operating profit	15	25	+10
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using equity method	13	18	+5
Net profit	15	29	+14

There were approximately 575,000 customers
with direct contracts, an increase of
approximately 1,000 from the end of the previous
year. The LP gas sales volume was on par with
the previous year.
On the profitability side, profit rose, reflecting a
reactionary recovery from the year-ago decline

attributable to the negative impact of fluctuations

in inventory unit prices on margins.

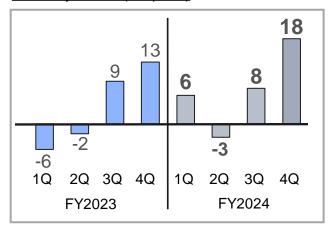
Major factors for increase/decrease

rate

FY2024 Plan

26 113%

Quarterly results (net profit)



Profit (loss) of major affiliates	FY2023 Results	FY2024 Results	Changes
ITOCHU ENEX HOME-LIFE	9	9	-0
ECORE (The Company's equity 51%)	7	7	+0
ENEARC (The Company's equity 50%)	8	12	+4

Number of customers (1,000)	End of March 2024	End of March 2025	Changes
Number of customers under direct LP gas supply contracts	574	575	+1
Sales volumes	FY2023 Results	FY2024 Results	Changes
LP gas	422	416	-1%

Car-Life

Profit decreased in the absence of gains on the sale of the CS site recorded in the previous year, despite used car sales contributing to profit.

	FY2023 Results	FY2024 Results	Changes
Gross profit	529	515	-14
Selling, general and administrative expenses	-413	-419	-6
Loss (gain) related to fixed assets	7	-3	-9
Operating profit	125	115	-10
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using equity method	-1	1	+2
Net profit	64	61	-3

Major factors for increase/decrease

The number of CS decreased by 20 from the end of the previous fiscal year to 1,546. The sales volume of oil products was on par with the previous year. The total number of cars sold was on par with the previous year. While the number of new cars sold decreased, the number of used cars sold increased.

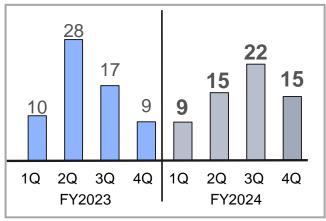
In terms of profitability, profit decreased due to the absence of gains on the sale of the CS site recorded in the previous year, despite the increase in the number of used car sold and the increase in the profit margin.

	(100 million yer	ገ)
۸	1.1	

Achievement	
rate	

43 141%

Quarterly results (net profit)



Profit (loss) of major affiliates	FY2023 Results	FY2024 Results	Changes
ENEX FLEET	24	29	+5
Osaka Car Life Group (The Company's equity 51.95%)	19	20	+1

Sales volumes	FY2023 Results	FY2024 Results	Changes
Gasoline (thousand KL)	2,127	2,113	-1%
Diesel oil (thousand KL)	2,743	2,788	+2%
New cars (thousand units)	28	27	-3%
Used cars (thousand units)	19	20	+6%

FY2024 Plan

Industrial Business

Profit increased due to the strong performance of supply/demand operations ITOCHU ENEX CO.,LTD. and the industrial gas sales business.



(100 million yen)

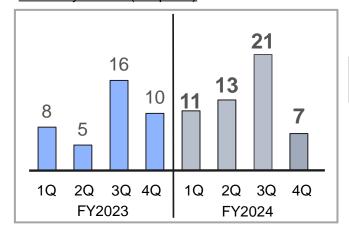
	FY2023 Results	FY2024 Results	Changes
Gross profit	113	134	+21
Selling, general and administrative expenses	-63	-65	-2
Operating profit	50	69	+18
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using equity method	5	5	-0
Net profit	39	52	+12

In the asphalt sales business, the sales volume
increased year on year partly due to the
acquisition of new commercial rights.
In the marine fuel business, the sales volume
decreased year on year after a partial contraction
of transactions for ocean-going vessels.
In terms of profitability, profit increased after
operations that properly adapted to the market
conditions and strong performance in the
industrial gas sales business.

Major factors for increase/decrease

FY2024 Plan	Achievement rate
40	129%

Quarterly results (net profit)



Profit (loss) of major affiliates	FY2023 Results	FY2024 Results	Changes
ITOCHU INDUSTRIAL GAS	5	6	+1

Sales volumes	FY2023 Results	FY2024 Results	Changes
Heavy fuel oil (thousand KL)	1,041	845	-19%
Asphalt (thousand tons)	287	309	+7%
Industrial gas (thousand tons)	66	62	-5%

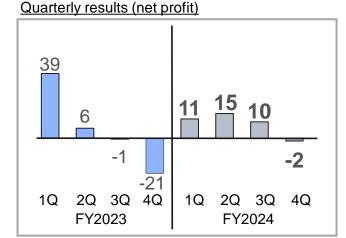
Power & Utility

Profit increased due to the stabilization of the market, which absorbed a reactionary fall following the gains on sale of mega solar power plants recorded in the previous year.

	FY2023 Results	FY2024 Results	Changes
Gross profit	64	108	+44
Selling, general and administrative expenses	-63	-62	+1
Loss (gain) related to fixed assets	41	-1	-42
Operating profit	46	58	+12
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using equity method	2	-2	-5
Net profit	23	34	+11

Profit (loss) of major

		(100 million yen)
Major factors for increase/decrease	FY2024 Plan	Achievement rate
Regarding the volume of sales in the electricity retailing business, low voltage power increased year on year due to an increase in power consumption during the demand season. High voltage power also increased year on year due to steady progress in the acquisition of new contracts. The amount of heat sold in the heat provision business was on par with the previous year. On the profitability front, profit increased because profitability improved due to the stabilization of the electric power market, which absorbed a reactionary fall following the gains on sale of mega solar power		
plants recorded in the previous year.	33	102%



Results	Results	Changes
2	13	+11
6	9	+3
8	6	-2
4	3	-0
End of March 2024	End of March 2025	Changes
321	311	-11
	Results 2 6 8 4 End of March 2024	Results Results 2 13 6 9 8 6 4 3 End of March 2024 End of March 2025

FY2024

Sales volumes		FY2023 Results	FY2024 Results	Changes
Electricity Re	etail (GWh)*	2,018	2,332	+16%
Breakdown	Sales of high voltages*	948	1,214	+28%
Бгеакиомп	Sales of low voltages*	1,070	1,118	+4%
Steam (thous	and tons)	339	329	-3%
Heat quantity	y (TJ)	1,314	1,332	+1%

^{*} Calculated based on preliminary values. Electricity retail includes agency quantity.

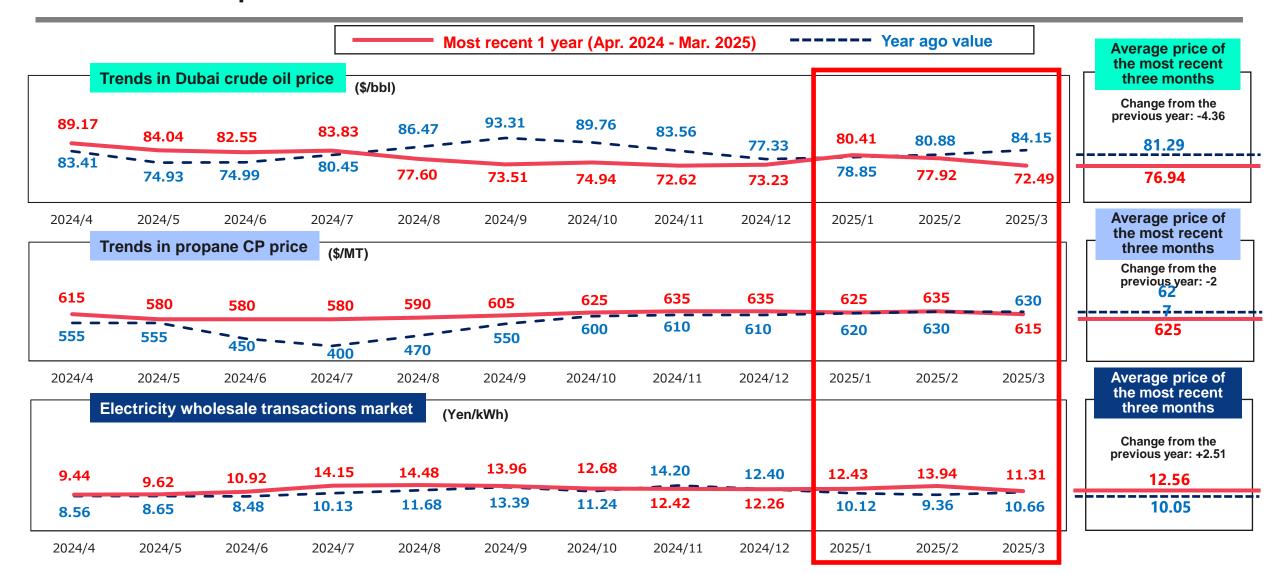


2. Appendix

(Reference) Market Trends



The contract price and electricity price have remained flat over the past year, while crude oil price have trended downward.





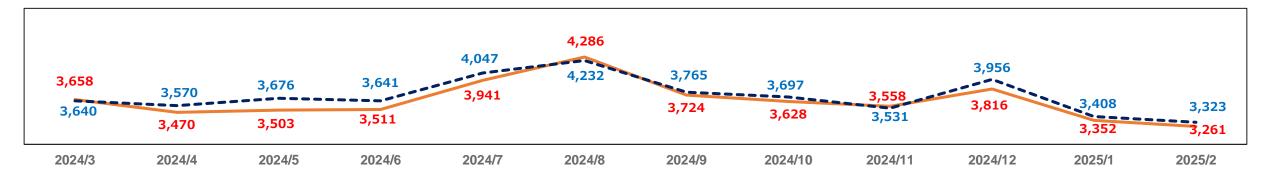


[Reference] Sales of gasoline and diesel oil in Japan (national statistics)

Monthly sales volume of gasoline

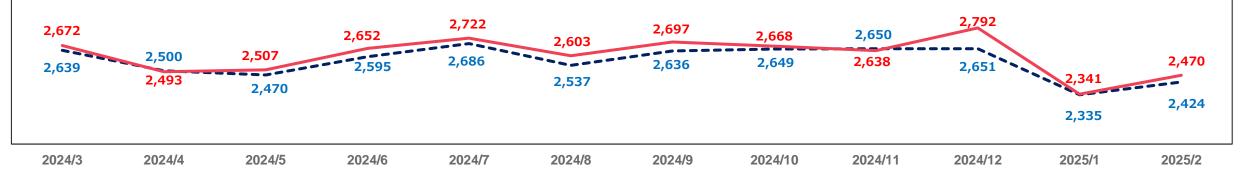
Unit: Thousand kiloliters

Most recent 1 year (Mar. 2024 - Feb. 2025) ----- Year ago value



Monthly sales volume of diesel oil

Unit: Thousand kiloliters



^{*} Created based on statistics from Petroleum Association of Japan

^{*} No data after first week of December due to partial suspension of data release by the Petroleum Association of Japan





[Reference] Monthly sales volume of LP gas (March to February, national statistics)

Unit: Thousand tons

	March			April			May			June			July			August		
	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes
For household and business use	722	727	+1%	566	616	+9%	533	515	∆4%	465	437	△6%	430	444	+3%	409	364	△11%
For cars	29	28	△3%	28	27	△2%	29	27	△8%	29	27	△6%	32	32	+0%	31	31	△2%
Total	751	755	+1%	594	644	+8%	563	542	△4%	494	464	△6%	461	476	+3%	440	395	△10%

	S	eptemb	er	(Octobei	r	N	ovemb	er	D	ecembe	er		January	,	February			Total		
	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes	2024	2025	Changes	2024	2025	Changes	Year ago value	Most recent 1 year	Changes
For household and business use	393	377	-4%	471	494	+5%	595	563	-5%	778	767	-2%	756	793	+5%	743	737	-1%	6,860	6,833	+0%
For cars	29	29	-1%	28	31	+13%	28	28	+1%	30	29	-1%	27	26	-3%	28	25	-9%	348	342	-2%
Total	423	406	-4%	498	525	+5%	623	591	-5%	808	796	-2%	783	819	+5%	771	762	-1%	7,209	7,175	+0%

^{*} Created based on statistics from Japan LP Gas Association





[Reference] Monthly sales of new cars (Standard-sized cars, compact cars and kei (light) cars) (April to March, national statistics)

Unit: Thousand units

	April			May			June			July			August	:	S	eptemb	per		
	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes	
Standard- sized and compact cars	193	182	-6%	180	177	-2%	227	211	-7%	222	230	+4%	183	180	-2%	238	240	+1%	
Kei cars	96	77	-20%	92	85	-8%	105	101	-4%	99	109	+10%	97	91	-6%	126	126	+0%	
Total	290	259	-11%	272	261	-4%	332	312	-6%	321	339	+6%	281	271	-3%	363	366	+1%	

	October		N	ovembe	∍r	D	ecemb	er	,	January	,	ŀ	ebruar	y	March				Total		
	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes	2023	2024	Changes	2024	2025	Changes	2024	2025	Changes	2024	2025	Changes	Year ago value	Most recent 1 year	Changes
Standard- sized and compact cars	215	231	+8%	225	222	-1%	201	185	-8%	193	217	+12%	203	234	+16%	269	288	+7%	2,547	2,598	+2%
Kei cars	120	106	-11%	119	108	-9%	101	96	-5%	92	112	+21%	96	120	+26%	115	133	+15%	1,260	1,263	+0%
Total	334	338	+1%	344	331	-4%	302	280	-7%	285	328	+15%	298	355	+19%	384	421	+10%	3,807	3,861	+1%

^{*} Compiled based on statistical data issued by the Japan Automobile Dealers Association and the Japan Light Motor Vehicle and Motorcycle Association



2. Medium-term business plan

1) Review of ENEX2030 '23-'24

ENEX2030 '23 - '24: Quantitative Review



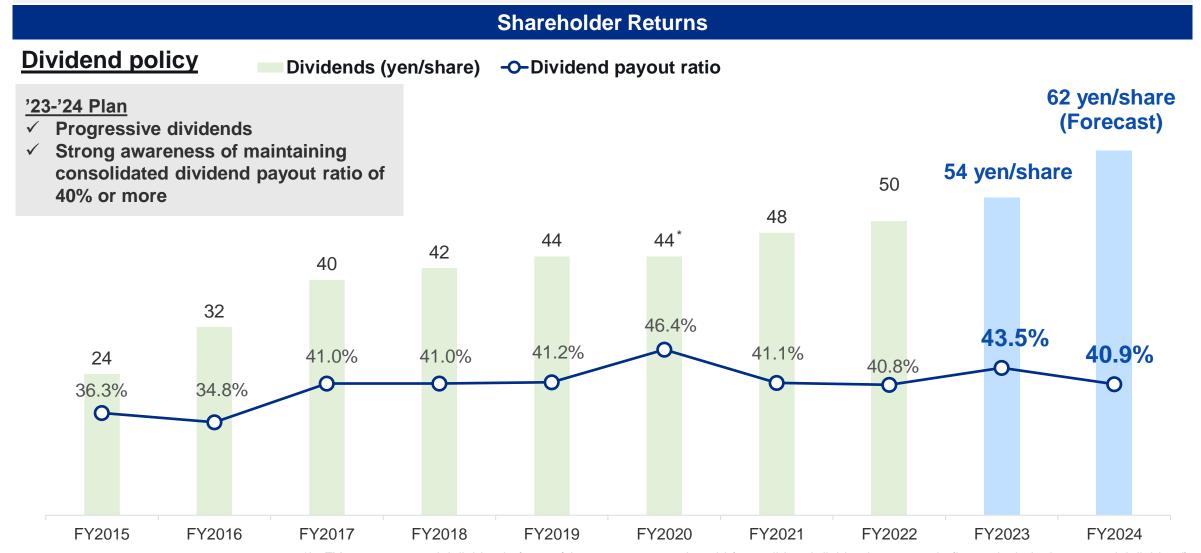
All of the KPI plans were achieved or nearly achieved. Net profit far exceeded the previous record high. For new and strategic investments, initiatives including acquisitions and capital alliances were implemented by carefully selecting targets, including a large-scale project (WECARS).

Financial Indicators FY2024 Plan FY2023 **Evaluation** √ The plan has been achieved for two consecutive years. One-off gains/losses of ¥13.5 billion **Net profit** ¥13.9 billon ¥17.1 billion +2.5 billion yen (FY2023) and +1.4 billion yen each fiscal period (FY2024) were posted. √ The figure in FY2023 was 28.9 billion yen due **Substantive** to the payment of taxes related to the sale of ¥35.0 billion ¥28.9 billion ¥42.1 billion operating assets, but the planned cumulative target for **CF** each fiscal period the two years was achieved. 8-9% 10.2% 8.8% ROE Plan achieved for two consecutive years (FY2023/FY2024) Total amount of ✓ CAPEX was implemented steadily by ¥46.8 billion ¥60.0 billion investments formulating an investment plan. (Total investment (including CAPEX) over two years) (CAPEX included in the above: ¥19.4 billion)

ENEX2030 '23 - '24: Quantitative Review



We plan to provide shareholder returns through progressive dividends for two consecutive years with a consolidated dividend payout ratio of 40% or more.



Clarification of roles and streamlining of organizations

Department- and section-level guidelines were formulated.

Establishment of new departments supporting the delegation of authority

New risk and business management departments were established.

Spin-off and reorganization of HL business

Agile decision-making and business promotion were achieved.

Development of a new ERP system

The sophistication of the management of business was increased and operations were streamlined.

Continuing to promote the authority delegation structure

Developing a framework for making investments

Establishment of the new Investment Strategy Department

The implementation of investments was promoted and supported.

Implementation of new and strategic investments

WECARS, NAL Net Communications, Koukandekirukun, NICHIREKI and ENECHANGE

Improving the ability to discover and push forward with investment projects

Strengthening the organization and human resources

Provision of investment training

Employees' investment literacy was enhanced.

Revisions to personnel systems

Achievement-based evaluation and commendation programs were introduced.

Opening of the Karuizawa LABO training facility

Highly professional rank-based training was provided.

Achievements



2. Medium-term business plan2) ENEX2030 '25-'26



ENEX2030 "To Create Driving Force Of Life"

ENEX2030

'23 - '24

ENEX2030 '25 - '26

ENEX2030 '27 - '28

ENEX2030 '29 - '30

1st STAGE

Carefully securing sources of revenue for the immediate future

2nd STAGE

Actively using DX in aggressive and defensive measures **Implementing** investments and supporting the growth of investment destinations

Making new and strategic investment of ¥210.0 billion

Accelerating investment

Developing on-site capabilities

- Enhancing the customer base and improving earnings capabilities in existing business
- Improving Group communication, building comprehensive strength, strengthening on-site capabilities

ENEX2030 '25 - '26: Quantitative Plan



Aiming to post a net profit of 16.0 billion yen, which exceeds the FY2024 base earnings (earnings after tax excluding one-time gains/losses) of 15.7 billion yen.

The dividend policy will continue to implement progressive dividends during the '25 - '26 period.

Shareholder Returns Financial Indicators FY2025 FY2026 **Dividend policy Net profit** ¥16.0 billion each fiscal period **Substantive** ¥38.0 billion each fiscal period operating CF **Progressive dividends(FY2025 forecast:** 62yen/share) ROE **Approx. 9.0%** Strong awareness of maintaining consolidated dividend payout ratio of 40% or more **New and** Making new and strategic investment strategic of ¥50.0 billion investments

Actively use DX for aggressive and defensive measures to develop on-site capabilities. Implement new and strategic investments and increase the sophistication of investment management to build a new revenue base for achieving ENEX2030.

Developing on-site capabilities

Implementation of new and strategic investments

Offense

Continuing to promote the delegation of authority

✓ Accelerating onsite decision-making to increase revenue

Sales activities using DX

√ Transforming sales activities by introducing a new ERP system and an internal version of ChatGPT

New and strategic areas

- Mobility-related areas centering on areas around WECARS
- Strategic investments for the restructuring of the LPG wholesaling and retailing businesses
- Increasing domestic market share in the asphalt business
- Renewable energy

Strengthening consolidated group business management

- ✓ Entrenching the CG code in Group companies as a common language
- Strengthening the Group's consolidated personnel and compliance management
- Introducing a new ERP system to improve the efficiency of professional operations

Promoting portfolio management

- Investment strategy based on the business portfolio
- Replacing inefficient assets
- Strengthening the management of the KPIs of investment destinations

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ENEX2030: Progress of Main KPIs



The goal is to achieve all items by FY2030.

Finan	cial Indicators		Non-financial Indicators							
	FY2030 (Plan)	FY2024 (Results)		FY2030 (Plan)	FY2024 (Results)					
Net profit	¥20.0 billion or more	¥17.1 billion	GHG emissions	50% reduction or more (comparison with FY2018, Scopes 1 and 2)	40% reduction * FY2023 result					
Substantive operating CF	¥45.0 billion	¥42.1 billion	Ratio of female hires	30% or more	41%					
ROE	9.0% or more	3.0%	Percentage of female managers	10%	3.0%					
New and strategic investments	¥210 billion Cumulative total for FY2023-2030	¥27.4 billion Cumulative total for FY2023-2024	Ratio of childcare leave taken by male employees	80% or more	75 %					



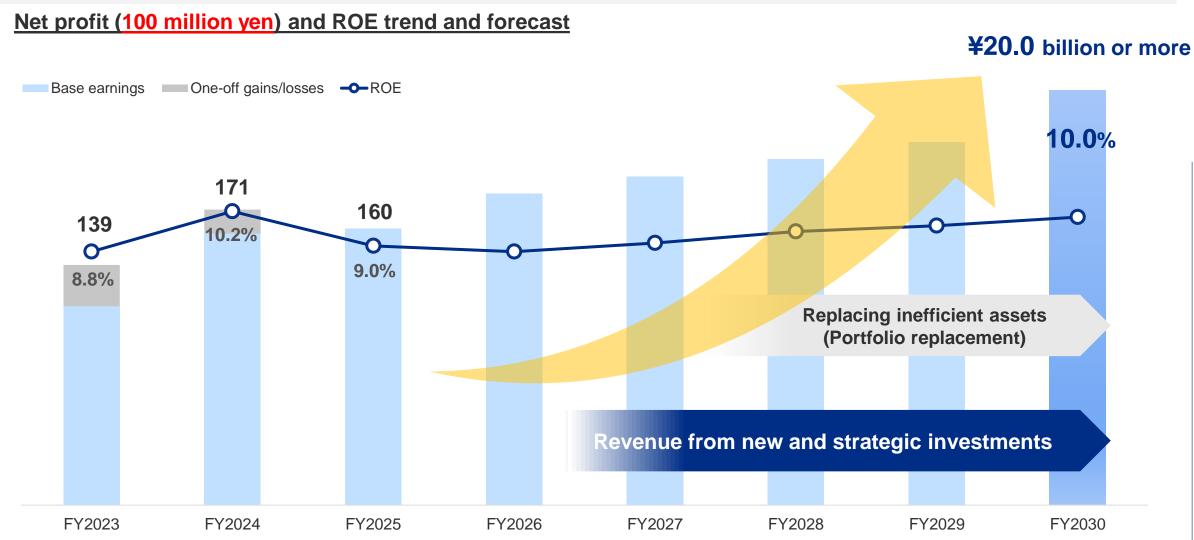
2. <u>Medium-term business plan</u>

3) Progress of ENEX2030

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ENEX2030: Trends in Net Profit and ROE

Replace inefficient assets while enabling new and strategic investments to achieve growth. Be conscious of a ROE of 10% for the long term.



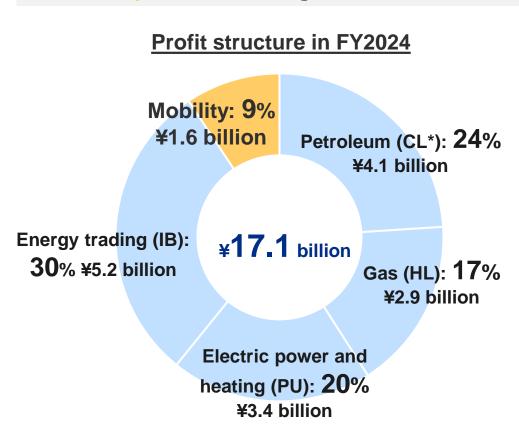
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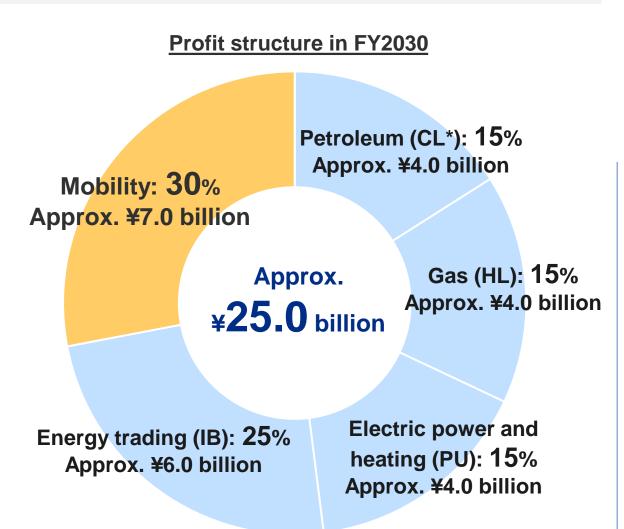
ENEX2030: Revenue Portfolio



Aim to increase profit by positioning the four energy-related existing core businesses as the revenue base and the mobility business as a growth driver.



^{*} Excluding mobility business





appendix

ENEX2030 '25 - '26: CL Business

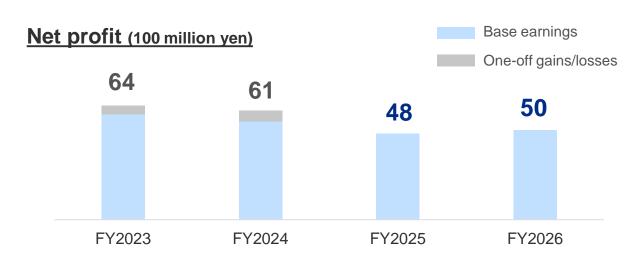


ENEX2030 '25 - '26 CL Business

Offense

Defense

Business transformation (BX) to create a future with petroleum and mobility



New and strategic investment (100 million yen)

Major investment targets

- M&A activities in the mobility business
- ✓ Digital EC Platform



Developing on-site capabilities

- ✓ Profitability reform and productivity improvement through DX and alliances with other companies
- ✓ Strengthen human resource development for mobility business

Implementation of new and strategic investments

- Expansion of used-car-related business centering on WECARS
- Building a digitally connected used car and maintenance network

✓ Ensuring security and compliance at operating outlets

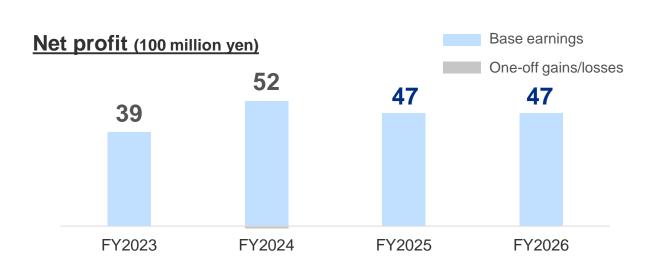
✓ Optimizing aging outlets (making them earthquakeproof/integrating them)

- **✓ POWER to increase WECARS revenues**
- ✓ Building a business portfolio that responds to change

Major investment targets

Defense

Business opportunities for growth to be gained through logistics and DX





Developing on-site capabilities

- ✓ DX of sales of asphalt, marine fuel, and fuel cards for corporate customers
- ✓ Improving the ability to procure AdBlue and expanding distribution bases
- ✓ Streamlining operations by shifting to the in-house delivery of marine fuel
- ✓ Expanding the scale of the gas container inspection business and enhancing security

Implementation of new and strategic investments

- ✓ Investments aimed at being no. 1 in domestic sales of asphalt and logistics functions
- √ Aggressive investment in the energy service business
- Securing and developing human resources who will be in charge of business operations at investment destinations
- ✓ Creating synergies with investment destinations

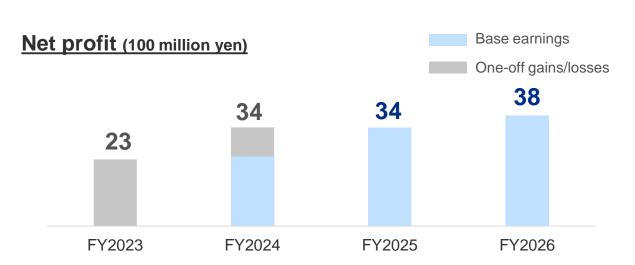
ENEX2030 '25 - '26: PU Business





Defense

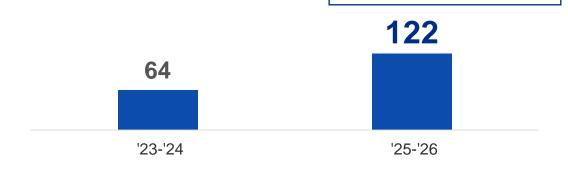
Power to connect customers. Environmental business for the future





Major investment targets

- ✓ Renewable energy sector
- ✓ Energy and DX domain



Developing on-site capabilities

- ✓ Expanding the customer base to one million households through the power of people and digital technologies
- ✓ Deepening the electric power business by leveraging supply/demand adjustment capabilities and O&M capabilities

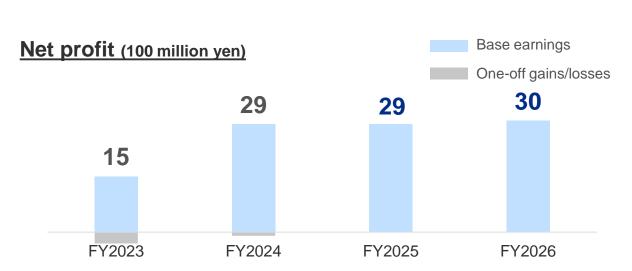
Implementation of new and strategic investments

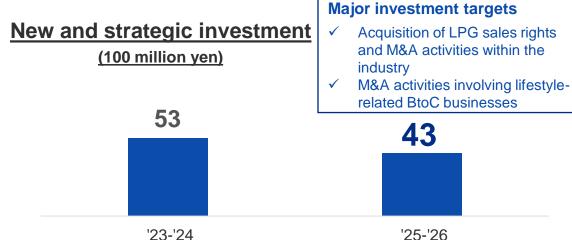
- ✓ Providing energy DX solutions intended for business operators/consumers
- √ Aggressive investment in the renewable energy domain

- Stable procurement and optimization of power sources
- ✓ Maintaining and reinforcing the risk management system for electric power supply/demand management operations
- ✓ Balance sheet control and improvement of asset efficiency (profitability)
- ✓ Achieving synergy with each capital and business alliance partner

Offense

Reinforcing the customer base and Group network





Developing on-site capabilities

- ✓ Acquiring customers through not only face-to-face sales activities but also DX (New method)
- ✓ Offering subscriptions to highly functional products (Diverse proposals)
- √ Strengthening security and logistics through DX (Providing safety and security)
- ✓ Fee structure and Code of Conduct conforming to new law (Enhancing trust and reliability)

Implementation of new and strategic investments

- ✓ Strategic investments for business restructuring (Strategic move for the future)
- ✓ Newly offering a point menu for e-commerce (Addition of innovation)
- ✓ Building a bold, precise system for driving investment (Enhancing organizational strength)
- ✓ Inexhaustibly pursuing synergy with alliance partners (Strengthening alliances)

ENEX2030 '23 - '24: Non-financial Indicators Review



The "ratio of female hires", which has been achieved for two consecutive years and is expected to be achieved in the future, is excluded from ENEX2030 '25 - '26.

Non-financial Indicators

	FY2030	FY2023	FY2024	Situation
GHG emissions	50% reduction or more (comparison with FY2018, Scopes 1 and 2)	40% reduction	= * under compilation	✓ Emissions are planned to be reduced by changing our own power sources.
Percentage of female managers	10%	3.4%	3.0%	✓ We are developing female manager candidates to achieve the plan.
Ratio of childcare leave taken by male employees	80% or more	81%	75 %	✓ Achieved in FY2023 but not in FY2024.
Ratio of female hires	30% or more	46%	41%	 ✓ Achieved for two consecutive terms. ✓ Excluded from main KPIs, as it is expected to be achieved in the future.